



FRIDAY EVENING, JAN. 22, 1904.

The exposure of the frauds of the "good government" faction in the primary election of the democratic party in Norfolk last October has created a profound sensation. Citizens of all classes from three wards in the city appeared yesterday to continue the testimony before the State central committee showing that they had been registered as voters for the "good government" candidates when they voted against those candidates.

The contestants propose to bring enough witnesses to show that the tally sheets are fraudulent in count and in character. Over 125 witnesses have declared that they were registered falsely. Conservative citizens are shocked to learn that the grossest frauds ever committed in Virginia are revealed in Norfolk, and that these frauds were committed by those who posed as being in favor of "good government." And these are the men who, by "fusion" with the republicans would take the management of Norfolk's municipal affairs out of the hands of the democrats! But "fusion," "good government," &c., like religion, are often used as cloaks for rascality.

"RUSSIA will defend Korea against pagan invaders." So the Russian minister to Korea says. The Baltimore Sun comments as follows on this assertion:

The pagan may be a bad man, but he is going to make a reputation for cruelty equal to that of the worthy "Christian nations" whose soldiers have been operating in the far East in the last few years. Probably if the Chinese were consulted on this point they would be able to convince the Koreans that there is not much choice between the heathen and the fighting men who kill and burn under the flags of the "Christian powers." It has been scarcely four years since European armies invaded China. The record they made then with their "punitive expeditions" is still fresh in the minds of the Chinese. According to the testimony of European witnesses the "Christian" warriors were guilty of atrocious acts of cruelty. It is well authenticated that thousands of Chinese—men, women and children—were driven into the Amur river and drowned by the countrymen of the diplomatist who holds "pagans" in such horror. Another "Christian nation" has compelled China to buy the opium of India. The "pagan" Japanese may be fierce in war, but the Koreans have no more to fear from them than from the soldiery which, under the banners of so-called Christianity, have smitten the Orientals with merciless hands.

THE INCREASING number of highway robberies in Chicago has caused the formation of vigilante committees, and many people go armed at night in order to protect themselves from footpads. There is an alarming increase in hold-ups in Washington, three having been reported in that city last night. These crimes occurred in different parts of the city, and the assailant was in each case a negro. Mrs. A. J. Hughes was robbed of a satchel containing a pocket-book, a pair of gold spectacles and money, amounting in all to about \$15. Shortly afterward Mrs. C. H. Picken was approached by a negro, who demanded her valuables, and finding she was without money he knocked her down and ran away. The third victim was Horace Mandue, who was struck on the head and robbed of a satchel containing \$26.85. No arrests were made. Washington has long been infested by a large number of indolent negroes who give the police much trouble.

THE CONTESTED election case of Connell against Howell, from the Seranton, Pa., district, was decided yesterday by House elections committee No. 3 in favor of William Connell, the millionaire republican contestant, on the ground that his democratic opponent, who is a poor man, had secured an apparent majority of the votes by fraud and corruption. The committee, which was made up of six republicans and three democrats, by a strict party vote declared that Howell was not entitled to the seat he occupies and that Connell was. Previously by a similar vote it had been decided to throw out the votes of three election districts in which the contestant had alleged gross frauds had been committed in the interest of Howell. The majority report on the case will be ready for submission to the House on Monday next, and in a few days Mr. Howell will have to "go."

AN INTERESTING incident in the trial of Augustus W. Machen, the Groff brothers and the Lorenzen on an indictment charging conspiracy to defraud the government in connection with the sale of letter box fasteners came up in Washington yesterday. Taking up a document, Major Holmes Conrad, special counsel for the government, contended that it was admissible, and remarked that in looking over it, it appeared that by strict economy Machen, on a salary of \$3,500 a year, had managed to make \$20,000 a year. This does look strange to "a man up a tree," but it is astonishing how many men who handle money for the government at small salaries manage in a short time to acquire fortunes.

MR. PALMER, a republican, of Pennsylvania, introduced a bill in the House yesterday making it an offense for a candidate for Congress to give money or promise employment to any one for his vote in the contest. Upon the conviction, under the provisions of the bill, the sentence is to be a fine of \$300 and three months in jail. Politics has become so corrupt that even Congressmen are compelled to seek means through legislation to protect themselves against the importunate voter.

SECRETARY CORTELYOU recently sought to secure an expression from Senator Hanna in behalf of the President, but Mr. Hanna turned the tables and asked about the President's attitude in Ohio. The Senator is one of the wildest politicians in the country, and can carry a question with any of them. Then, too, when the exigencies of the occasion require he can keep silence in seven languages.

FRIENDS of State Senator Opie, of Staunton, have observed for some time past that he is becoming rather radical in his ideas, but they were not prepared for his speech in the Senate yesterday when he advocated woman suffrage. The women in Virginia do not want to vote or become mixed in politics, and Mr. Opie will find that out if he travels about the State.

How to raise chickens will be taught at the University of Missouri. The curators have decided to offer a full course in poultry raising. The poultry business has become one of the leading industries in Missouri, the annual income being estimated at over \$10,000,000.

THE IROQUOIS CLUB, of Chicago, is preparing to give a dinner to launch General Miles's candidacy for the democratic nomination for President. The boom will never leave the ways.

## FROM WASHINGTON.

(Correspondence of the Alexandria Gazette.)

Washington, Jan. 22. The proceedings in the Machen trial were delayed about an hour this morning, owing to Justice Pritchard's illness. Judge Samuel Maddox, counsel for the Groffs, reopened the discussion of the admission of Machen's bank account transcript, referring to the "astounding revelations" by Holmes Conrad, special counsel of the United States, of the intention of the prosecution introducing evidence to show that Machen with \$3,500 "had by strict economy and due attention to business received an income of \$20,000 a year." Judge Maddox said little was left to be said on behalf of the defense in the controversy, but proceeded to a categorical statement of the objection for the Groffs. Justice Pritchard denied a motion by Judge Kummer to expunge the entire transcript from the record. He instructed the jury, however, to consider only such fasteners as are germane to the case. C. A. Douglas moved that the statement of Mr. Conrad be expunged from the record. Mr. Conrad took the floor. "My remarks were not intended for the jury and are not apart of the record," he said. "In looking over the account I was impressed with the truth of the statement I uttered. Far be it from me, however, to convict these defendants by any words, which fell unguardedly from my lips. On reflection I would not have said what I did. I beg to remind the counsel for the defense the words are not a part of the record of this case, but to relieve the mind of counsel I will withdraw them." Mr. Douglas's motion was sustained and Judge Pritchard ordered Mr. Conrad's statement stricken from the record. The examination of witnesses then proceeded.

President Roosevelt has revised his opinion of the identity of the democrat who will run against him for President. Last summer and until a few days ago, the President thought Judge Parker would surely be the man. As he saw it, there was none other in the race. The President now says that while he thinks Judge Parker is still ahead in the race he sees signs of the growing strength of Judge George Gray, of Delaware, and will not be surprised if Gray is nominated.

Secretary Root has given his approval to the bill introduced in the Senate yesterday by Senator Proctor, providing for the employment of retired officers of the army on active duty in recruiting, for service in connection with organized militia in States and territories, as military attaches, upon courts-martial and upon staff duty not involving duty with troops.

The House ways and means committee has set the fourth of February as the date for the consideration of the bill introduced by Mr. Gaines, of Tennessee, which removes the six cents tax from tobacco, and allows the farmer to stem and twist and sell the weed, which cannot now be done without the payment of the tax.

Mr. Rixey has introduced a bill in the House for the relief of the legal representatives of Kitty Douglass, and Mr. Hay a bill for the relief of the Evangelical Lutheran Church of Stephens City, Va., and a petition of citizens of Rapidan, Va., in favor of the Hepburn-Dolliver bill.

As a result of the agitation begun by Jacob Riis, the New York reformer, the House committee on the District of Columbia, today authorized the abolition of alley slums in the city of Washington. Congressman Small of North Carolina and a delegation representing the Masters and Pilots Association, appeared before the House committee on interstate and foreign commerce, today, in support of the measure to erect a lighthouse and a log signal off the coast of North Carolina at Cape Hatteras, at a cost of \$590,000. The location was described by Pilots as "the most dangerous point in the world."

Senator Hanna is still confined to his bed with the grip, and the physicians do not expect that he will be able to go out for several days.

A delegation of the national association of Union prisoners of war headed by National Commander J. D. Walker, of Pittsburg, was before the House committee on invalid pensions today in favor of the bill to pension all Union soldiers who were held prisoners in Confederate prisons.

Senator Foraker, of Ohio, was a caller

at the White House today. "I have had a very pleasant talk with the President on a number of matters, but nothing of special importance," he said. "Will Ohio instruct her delegates for Roosevelt?" he was asked. "It has been our custom to instruct," he replied. "If Roosevelt's friends are in the majority at the convention, the delegates will be instructed."

United States Minister Allen at Seoul considers the State Department that considerable disturbance prevails throughout Korea. The Japanese have been attacked in many places and there is general uneasiness. The State Department's advisers indicate that the Russians are inciting the Koreans to the uprising. News has also reached Washington that Japan has sent to Seoul an army office of the rank of Major General. The Koreans are reported as now having 3,500 men under arms.

The election case of Connell versus Howell, from the Tenth Pennsylvania district, pending before the House committee on elections No. 3, is to be decided Tuesday. The decision, on a party vote, will unseat Howell (dem.) and give his seat to Connell (rep.). The House committee on the judiciary today fixed March 23, 1904, for hearing on the Doliver-Hepburn bill, subjecting intoxicating liquors to the laws of the State into which they may be imported.

## THE LEGISLATURE.

SENATE.

Senator Opie, of Staunton, made a strong appeal yesterday for women to vote. His remarks were in connection with a commonplace bill to amend the charter of the town of Waynesboro to allow the citizens to make a special bond issue, but Mr. Opie inserted a clause to allow the women to vote. He explained that an unusual number of the property-holders of Waynesboro were women, and that it was a matter that vitally concerned them. He saw no objection to their voting, and did not believe that it was unconstitutional. Women have never voted in Virginia, and Mr. Thomas, of Lynchburg, thought it a matter of too much importance to let go without examination. Mr. Opie made a stout fight for the ladies, but finally consented to pass it by for the present.

The first contest in the present legislature was presented in the Senate yesterday by E. S. Keen, who was defeated by S. T. Turner, republican, from Floyd and Franklin. Mr. Keen alleged in his contest that Mr. Turner violated the Barksdale pure-election law by the use of money and whisky in influencing votes. Mr. Turner, in his reply, denies the allegation, and makes similar charges against Mr. Keen.

The Senate passed an emergency bill to clear the situation as regards the tribunal before whom newly elected officers must qualify. The Circuit Court is the one required.

The following bills were introduced: Providing for correction of errors of judgment and proceedings in cases pending in county courts or decided prior to Feb. 1, 1904.

Releasing the title of the Commonwealth and the counties and cities of the State to all lands purchased at tax sales prior to 1898.

To empower courts of law and equity to admit evidence to contradict, vary or add to written instruments in cases of fraud, accident or mistake or where a fraudulent misuse of such instrument is attended.

To provide for the protection of books in the State library and punishment of persons who fail to return borrowed books to the library after being notified so to do by the librarian.

Requiring the issuance of official receipts to all persons paying fines and penalties, and providing penalty for failure to give receipts.

To repeal the act requiring owners of mill-dams to construct fish ladders. To amend the game laws of the State.

HOUSE.

Mr. Blackburn Smith introduced a bill to put into effect the Torrens land registry system providing for a judge to preside over the institution, with a salary of \$4,000; term of eight years.

Mr. Person introduced a bill to provide stenographers and typewriters for judges in felony cases.

Bills offered included the following: Requiring every officer collecting a fine to give a receipt therefor.

To protect fish in the Shenandoah river and its tributaries.

To authorize circuit judges in filing cases to employ a stenographer and typewriter at net more than \$10 per day.

The Senate committee for courts of justice ordered favorable reports on the following bills:

Prescribing the duties of judges and attorneys for the commonwealth in cases of sale of adulterated or improperly branded breadstuffs.

Empowering judges of county courts to fill offices in cases of failure of officers to properly qualify, death or resignation prior to February 1. This latter bill was passed by the Senate just prior to adjournment.

The House and Senate elected Col. John W. Richardson to succeed himself as register of the land office, and D. Gardner Tyler, judge of the fourteenth judicial circuit, to succeed the late Judge J. E. Hubbard.

## PRESIDENT'S RECEPTION.

The White House was in gala attire last night, the occasion being the reception of the President to the judiciary, the second in the series of state levees of the present season. The brightly lighted suite of reception rooms and corridors presented their usually attractive appearance. The Marine Band, in red and black uniform with trimmings of gold, occupied the outer corridor and gave the usual entertaining programme. Early in the evening the specially invited guests, who look on in the Blue Room, began to arrive, and at 9 o'clock the receiving party, led by Major T. W. Symons and Lieutenant McCawley, with the four escorting companies, came down the stairway. They took their places in the Blue Room in the usual order—President and Mrs. Roosevelt, Mrs. Hay, Mrs. Shaw, Mrs. Root, Mrs. Knox, Mrs. Hitchcock, Miss Wilson and Mrs. Cortelyou.

Chief Justice and Mrs. Fuller headed the line and passed through the Red Parlor from the state dining room to the Blue Parlor. After them came Justice Harlan and the other associate justices. Following them were the judges of the Supreme Court, eight in number. The associate justices of the Court of Appeals, the Chief Justice and the members of the Supreme Court of the District. Colonel Symons made the introductions. The wives and daughters of many eminent members of the legal profession in Washington, with many other distinguished guests, numbering over 1,000 in all, made it altogether a brilliant assemblage.

M. Gromon, Hungarian Secretary of State, today fought a duel with a secretary employed in the Ministry of Finance. Gromon was wounded in the hand. The duel was fought as the result of a private quarrel.

## VIRGINIA NEWS.

Smallpox is reported in the camp of railroad employees engaged in double-tracking the Richmond, Fredericksburg and Potomac Railroad near Chappawamsic creek.

In Wytheville yesterday Judge Fulton refused to give Chesley Peoples, who murdered John Seagle December 3, a new trial, and sentenced him to be executed March 25.

The grand jury of Charlottesville, has been sitting since Monday and has made a partial report. More than 100 indictments have been returned thus far against liquor dealers for selling on Sunday, to minors and students.

R. Emmet Crump was yesterday appointed receiver of the defunct Portsmouth Dime Savings Bank, under bond of \$100,000. It is now hoped that the assets will be sufficient to pay the depositors and stockholders in full.

Brantley Carter, of Lynchburg, who was on Monday shot by George Ball, of Danville, at the Hotel Bennett, at Chatham, died yesterday. His 15-year-old wife was at his bedside when the end came. She is prostrated with grief.

Max Guggenheimer, who for 11 years has been president of the Lynchburg Cotton Mill, resigned yesterday at the annual meeting, and the directors elected H. L. Moorman, who has been secretary and treasurer for nine years, to succeed him.

The canning business was overdone in Northern Neck last season, and it is thought there will not be so many canneries in operation this season. The fish factories also did a poor business and the oyster-shucking house have had an unprofitable winter.

H. D. Garrett, of Chicago, reported to represent a syndicate of capitalists, has purchased for \$50,000 the Van Wyck farm on the Chesapeake bay front not very far from Ocean View, and another summer resort, it is said, will be established on the farm.

Mrs. Mary Button, widow of Charles Button, died yesterday at her home in Appomattox. Her death was caused by pneumonia. Mrs. Button's husband was for many years editor and proprietor of the Lynchburg Virginian. She was the mother of Joseph Button, secretary of the State Senate.

In the Hustings Court at Roanoke, yesterday Fannie Hodges was sent to the State penitentiary for fifteen months and Mary Poutz was given four months in jail as accessory, both pleading guilty to the charge of robbing Hiram Jones, of Craig county, of money and certificates of deposit amounting to \$6,840 while he was visiting a house kept by the Hodges woman a month ago. Jones was intoxicated.

"Wood Park," the home of Mr. and Mrs. Blair Johnson, near New Baltimore, Fauquier county, was destroyed by fire Wednesday night about 10 o'clock. Originating in such rapidity as to make difficult and dangerous the escape of the family, who had just retired for the night. With the exception of some furnishings in the rooms, the destruction of personal effects was equally as complete as that of the dwelling. The loss is estimated at \$1,500. The insurance covers only a portion of this loss. Mr. and Mrs. Johnson are well-known members of the Hunt Club in Warrenton.

## COURT OF APPEALS.

Opinions were handed down by the Court of Appeals yesterday as follows:

By Judge James Keith, president: Rhule vs. Seaboard Air-Line Railway Company. From Circuit Court of Henrico County. Reversed.

By Judge John A. Buchanan—Peasinger's administratrix vs. Allegheny Iron and Iron Company. From the Circuit Court of Botetourt County. Affirmed.

By Judge George M. Harrison—Miller & Co. vs. Ashbur, &c. From the Circuit Court of Shenandoah County. Affirmed.

By Judge Stafford G. Whittle—West vs. Richmond Railway and Electric Company. From the Circuit Court of Henrico County. Affirmed.

Cases of appeal were decided as follows: Virginia vs. Southwestern Railway Company vs. Clowers' administratrix. From the Corporation Court of city of Bristol. Writ of error and supersedeas. Bond, \$6,000.

Parade vs. Commonwealth. From the Circuit Court of Wise County. Writ of error and supersedeas. Bond, \$1,000.

Interstate Coal and Iron Company vs. Commonwealth. From the Circuit of Wise County. Writ of error and supersedeas. Bond, \$2,000.

Kendrick vs. Ashton. From Circuit Court of Washington County. Appeal and supersedeas. Bond, \$250.

Rowland vs. Rowland. From the Circuit Court of Clarke County. Appeal and supersedeas. Bond, \$50.

Eureka Club vs. Perkins, attorney for Commonwealth. From the Corporation Court of city of Roanoke. Writ of error and supersedeas. Bond, \$200.

Fugate vs. Big Creek Coal Company. From Circuit Court of Tazewell County. Appeal refused.

City of Newport News vs. Brown, Petition for rehearing. Refused.

Seaboard and Roanoke Railroad Co. vs. Hickey, by &c. Argued and continued.

Next cases to be called: Moss vs. Harwood, Partlett vs. Dunn and Consumers' Brewing Co. vs. Doyle's Adm'x, being Nos. 43, 44 and 45 on argument docket.

GAS PLANT IN DANGER.—A fire dangerous to the city's lower gas works raged in the Armistage tar refining plant in Richmond yesterday afternoon. The fire was within 60 feet of an enormous gas holder, and the firemen worked with great energy to prevent a near approach of the flames and an explosion that would have left a blank in a fairly populous section of the city. A colored laborer in the Armistage works, which consumes the tar from the gas works in its refining processes, kindled a fire in the yard, and it apparently did not occur to him that an oil barrel full of tar was not a good place in which to build a fire until the barrel exploded and the tar poured on the blazing kindling wood. Full and empty tar barrels to the number of 400 filled the yard, and in a few minutes a pall of such dense black smoke over Chimborazo Heights as made half the city believe the other half was burning. The damage was not great, but the fire gave the authorities such a scare as will likely cause the removal of the refining plant to a safe distance. The gas holder contained several thousand feet of gas, and the wind fanned the flames in the direction of this great iron receptacle.

## TELEGRAPHIC NEWS.

From Richmond.

[Special Dispatch to the Alexandria Gazette.] Richmond, Jan. 22.—Delegate Thomas H. Lion offered in the House today a bill allowing a vote to be taken in the Manassas district, Prince William county, on the question of borrowing \$10,000 for establishing a new normal school.

The general laws committee reported favorably on Mr. Caton's bill creating a bureau of insurance and authorizing the election of a commissioner by the legislature.

The House members signed a paper asking Mr. S. M. Newhouse to take the place of Mr. Sullivan as first doorkeeper and Mr. Newhouse will be elected.

A bill was offered in the Senate to reduce the liquor licenses and graduate the same according to class.

## Cyclone in Alabama.

Birmingham, Ala., Jan. 22.—Cyclones are reported at several places in Alabama this morning. At North Birmingham, near here, five stores and several residences were blown down and a number of people hurt. The town of Moundsville, in Tuscaloosa county, was also wrecked by a storm and a number hurt. No deaths are so far reported. There was a fearful wind and rain all over the northern part of the State at 2 o'clock this morning.

Birmingham, Ala., Jan. 22.—Conductor Capehart, in charge of the limited northbound train on the Queen and Crescent Railroad, which reached Moundsville, seventy miles south-west of here, at 3 o'clock this morning, was wired the officials of the road here that he could not pass Moundsville because of wreckage on the track caused by a cyclone which passed over that place at 2 o'clock. He backed his train to Akron, and sent a message over a roundabout circuit saying that the town of Moundsville was destroyed and everybody killed. Moundsville has a population of about 300. It is believed that the report is overdrawn, but it is evident that the loss of life has been heavy. A later message says the entire north end of the town was wrecked and the population of the place practically wiped out.

Birmingham, Ala., Jan. 22.—A report from Tuscaloosa, Ala., at noon, says: Moundsville, 16 miles south of here, was totally destroyed by a cyclone at 1 o'clock this morning. A great many people were killed or fatally hurt. A negro section laborer, on the Alabama and Great Southern Railroad, who came here on a hand-car, reports the country laid bare for several miles around. He saw the bodies of many people lying around. Every doctor from Tuscaloosa, including the Insane Hospital surgeons, have gone to the scene. Reports received here by telephone say thirty persons were killed. Merchants of Tuscaloosa are preparing to send relief to the destitute.

The cyclone at North Birmingham, demolished or damaged 36 houses, chiefly negro cabins.

## The Eastern Situation.

London, Jan. 22.—The Seoul, Korea, correspondent of the Central News wires that Koreans have attacked Japanese employes at several points along the Fusan railway, a Japanese project. The Japanese consul has notified the Korean authorities if order is not kept Japanese troops will be called into the country.

London, Jan. 22.—United States Ambassador Joseph H. Choate and the Japanese Minister to Great Britain, Baron Hayashi, had a lengthy and animated conversation at the diplomatic reception at the Foreign Office yesterday, and it is believed that the subject discussed was the situation in the far East. Later Lord Lansdowne, Minister of Foreign Affairs, sent long telegrams to St. Petersburg and Tokio.

Berlin, Jan. 22.—It is learned on the best of authority that the progress toward peace in the far East has disappointed the German government in one direction.

The government calculated that Russia, whether she should be winner or loser in the fight, would have her financial resources crippled and in that state of affairs would open the way for Germany to become the most powerful factor in Europe.

London, Jan. 22.—The Westminster Gazette today regrets to say that it has very serious information as to the exchange of views between Japan and Russia since the Czar declared that he had determined to have peace. The paper says: "The question of peace or war depends entirely on Russia. Japan is unable to modify in any way the terms of the treaty submitted to Russia, in the last communication. Japan has informed Great Britain, France and America that she will not be able to accept the mediation of any power."

Paris, Jan. 22.—A telegram from Seoul, Korea, today states that the Japanese are landing considerable war material at Chemulpo.

## Damage by Ice and Floods.

Pittsburg, Jan. 22.—At 10:30 this morning the marks on the rivers show the following: Monongahela river, 14 feet; Davis Island dam, 14.8; Heers Island, 14.8 and rising at the rate of one foot an hour. The heavy ice is moving. The rivers are rising at all points, and it is believed that Pittsburg will see the greatest flood in her history within the next 24 hours. The crest of the flood may not be reached before tomorrow night or Sunday morning, however. Great apprehension prevails.

Newcastle, Pa., Jan. 22.—The ice on Neshannock creek went off last night, causing more damage to property than has occurred for years. The Pennsylvania bridge across the Mahoning river on the Pittsburg, Youngstown and Ashtabula division was swept away and abutments of the Baltimore & Ohio bridge between the Junction and Mahoning, are so badly damaged that the traffic over the bridge has been stopped. The Pennsylvania tracks on the Western New York and Pennsylvania division are submerged at Graham's station, 3 miles above here, and watchmen were out all night to watch for wash-outs.

Cleveland, Ohio, Jan. 22.—A serious accident occurred at 8 o'clock this morning at the Superior street viaduct, the bridge which connects the east and west sides, due to the flood. The big steamers John W. Moore and James Eads were at the Irishman coal docks. The William E. Reis lay below, heavily loaded. The Moore broke away first and swept down on the other boats tearing them loose. All three went into the viaduct, and blocked the east passage. The viaduct was badly damaged, as were also the boats.

Pittsburg, Pa., Jan. 22.—At one o'clock the Allegheny river had passed 21 foot mark and was rising rapidly.

Cumberland, Md., Jan. 22.—The Potomac river is rising rapidly and is almost blocked with ice. A big flood is feared and the city

and county authorities have ordered the big gorges dynamited.

## The Maryland Senatorship.

Annapolis, Md., Jan. 22.—No material change in the United States senatorial contest to elect a successor to Senator McComas. The changes in the vote largely due to absentees. The vote today was: Smith, 28; Rayner, 38; Carter, 11; Jackson, 7; Miles, 4; McComas, 37. Necessary to choice, 63.

## Must Serve 14 Years.

Uniontown, Pa., Jan. 22.—Convicted a month ago of second degree murder, and out on bail since, during which time he spent Christmas with his family at home, James Swaney yesterday returned to court and was sentenced by Judge E. H. Reppert to fourteen years in the penitentiary for the killing of "Big Bill" Turner at Haydentown. Swaney's attorney pleaded for mercy, saying that to Swaney, who is 52 years old, one year means more than to a young man, and that he has a wife and twelve children dependent on him for support. Judge Reppert refused the application for a new trial and told Swaney that he might yet spend some years with his family after serving his sentence. Swaney's lawyer will take the case to the Supreme Court.

## Repulsed by Bluejackets.

Berlin, Jan. 22.—Word reached here today that a second detachment of thirty bluejackets from the German cruiser Habicht have repulsed a party of 300 rebel blacks, near Kubas, in German West Africa. After defeating the blacks the bluejackets proceeded to Karibib, joining a former detachment of sixty marines from the cruiser. The ninety men will attempt to relieve the settlements which are beleaguered by thousands of blacks. A previous relief column, consisting of seventy men, mostly civilians, has disappeared, and it is feared they have been annihilated. Fifty whites at Omaruru are in a precarious condition, being surrounded by thousands of the negroes.

## Princess Suffering from Cancer.

Berlin, Jan. 22.—The reports to the effect that the Princess Charlotte of Saxe-Meiningen, the Kaiser's eldest sister, is suffering from cancer, have been confirmed by the fact that the Princess will leave Bremerhaven tomorrow on a cruise to Madeira, the Canaries, and the Morocco coast. Accompanying her will be her husband, Prince Bernhard of Saxe-Meiningen. The Princess' physicians hope that the change to a milder climate will at least postpone the development of worst symptoms of the dread affliction. The Kaiser this morning bade the Prince and Princess adieu.

## Cruel Treatment of Daughter.

St. Petersburg, Jan. 22.—Sviet, today, quotes the Orenburg Gazette as relating a story of extraordinary cruelty in the village of Verchneural'sk. A seventeen year old girl named Materna, the daughter of a rich citizen of Svinia, is kept chained in an open corridor on a bed of dirty straw. The girl became temporarily deranged recently, through fright, and her father chained her up. He refuses to release her though she is fully recovered. Crowds daily visit the house as though they were gazing at a wild beast show.

## Mad Horse at Large.

Chicago, Jan. 22.—Armed with shot guns and revolvers ten policemen searched in vain yesterday for a mad horse which is roaming about the prairie which extends from Summerdale to the western portion of Evanston. The horse, which was stricken with hydrophobia shortly after five o'clock in the morning, escaped from the barn after it had sunk its teeth into its sides and destroyed nearly everything in the place. The horse was bitten six weeks ago, by a mad dog.

## Attempted Murder and Suicide.

Postoria, Ohio, Jan. 22.—Albert Kessler, of Tiffin, aged 25, yesterday shot and seriously wounded Mrs. Dora Bernard, a member of a prominent family, and then shot and killed himself. The tragedy, which was enacted in a resort over a saloon, is said to be the result of jealousy on Kessler's part. The bullet fired by Kessler entered the woman's head between the eyes, and passed just below the brain. The physicians have hopes of her recovery.

## Shot and Killed His Assailant.

East St. Louis, Ill., Jan. 22.—While trying to eject three negroes from the works of the Cotton Seed Oil Company, at the National Stock Yards, yesterday, Special Watchman Philpot was probably fatally stabbed by John Williams, colored. As Philpot fell he fired a bullet into Williams' head, causing instant death. Philpot has slight chances of pulling through. He was a rough rider in President Roosevelt's command and is a dead shot with pistol or rifle.

## Anti-Protective Tariff Combination.

Birmingham, Eng. Jan. 21.—The movement for placing the Duke of Devonshire at the head of the free trade party has substantially effected a complete healing of the breach between Lord Roseberry, former Premier, and Sir William Vernon Harcourt, the well known liberal. The latter will warmly support the Devonshire-Roseberry combination which is opposed to the protective tariff policy advocated by Hon. Joseph Chamberlain.

## New York Stock Market.

New York, Jan. 22. 11 a. m.—Transactions in the first hour were on an extensive scale, with the buying movement still active and aggressive. There was no new developments over night, but the improvement in the railroad bond market and the marketing of many issues of this character tended to encourage general speculation. A large variety of issues was included in the dealings. Southern Railway issues continued especially strong, and sharp advances were scored all along the line. Sugar rose 1/2.

## Dislocated Her Shoulder.

Mrs. Johanna Soderholm, of Fergus Falls, Minn., fell and dislocated her shoulder. She had a surgeon get it back in place as soon as possible, but it was quite sore and pained her very much. Her son mentioned that he had seen Chamberlain's Pain Balm advertised for sprains and soreness, and she asked him to buy her a bottle of it, which he did. It quickly relieved her and enabled her to sleep which she had not done for several days. The son was so much pleased with the relief it gave his mother